

A Growing Population Will Mean Growing Demand For Food, Energy and Water (Video 5)

This resource is intended for teachers. It outlines how the Alberta WaterPortal's video *A Growing Population Will Mean Growing Demand for Food, Energy and Water* aligns with the curriculum presented in Alberta Education's Programs of Study.

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Curriculum Links	 Science 20 – Unit D – Changes in Living
	Systems
What courses from Alberta Education's Program	 Science 30 – Unit D – Energy and the
of Studies are applicable to this video?	Environment
	• Career and Technology Studies (CTS) - Cluster
	D: Natural Resources (Agriculture and
	Environmental Stewardship)
	Social Studies 10
	 Biology 20 – Unit B – Ecosystems and
	Population Change
	ENS 115: Resource Management
	• ENS 1040: Living with the Environment
	ENS 1115: Resource Management
	ENS 2010: Water Management 1
	ENS 2030: Ecological Economics
	• ENS 2040: Environmental Health and Safety
	ENS 3040: Energy & the Environment
	ENS 3110: Integrated Resource Management
	ENS 3120: Water management 2
	Sci 9 Environmental Chemistry
	Sci 10: Energy Flow in Global Systems
Key Concepts	• The world's population is rapidly growing. As
	the population increases, so too will the
	demands for water needed to create energy
	and grow food.
	• There is a need to balance the interests of a
	growing human population with sustainable
	ecosystems.
	 Society's water use has impacts on water
	quality and quantity.
	• There is a need for water conservation from
	both industry and domestic users.
	• There is a need to develop energy-efficient
	technologies to conserve water.
	• The impacts of globalization from people, the
	economy and the environment must be



	 studied to ensure water quality is maintained. Actions and policies associated with globalization impact the environment. Globalization affects individuals and communities (migration, technology, agricultural issues, pandemics, resource issues, contemporary issues). More water users will have to share the same amount of water while producing more. The agriculture industry is expected to face the greatest impact of a growing population, and has begun implementing ways to conserve water while producing more food. New practices and innovations will conserve water supplies and help Alberta meet the world's growing demands for food and
Objectives	 energy. Students will investigate the potential impacts of population growth on local and global populations. Students will explore some of the technologies used to mitigate the risks on energy and food supplies due to the rising population. Students will look at the impact of water conservation efforts on a local and global scale.
Glossary of Terms	Irrigation : the application of controlled amounts of water to plants at needed intervals. Irrigation helps to grow agricultural crops, maintain landscapes, and revegetate disturbed soils in dry areas and during periods of less than average rainfall.
	Thermoelectric generation: The conversion of thermal energy to electrical energy. Thermoelectric generation relies on a fuel source (e.g. fossil, nuclear, biomass, geothermal, or solar) to heat a fluid to drive a turbine.
	Generator : A machine that converts mechanical energy to electricity for transmission and distribution over power lines to domestic, commercial, and industrial customers.



Classroom and Online Activity Suggestions	 Participate in a group discussion about how globalization impacts water users in Alberta.
	 Research emerging technologies that are
	holping conserve water
	helping conserve water.
	 Write a report that outlines a potential
	career related to water conservation.
	• Prepare a poster that contrasts the diets of
	people in developing and developed
	countries in terms of water efficiency and
	countries in terms of water enciency and
	environmental impact, and show ways to
	address potential food shortages in the
	future.*
	• Prepare a presentation that compares the
	growth pattern of the human population to
	that of other species *
	that of other species.
	• Write a report that discusses the use of water
	by society, the impact such use has on water
	quality and quantity in ecosystems, and the
	need for water purification and conservation.
	Keep in mind activities such as manufacturing
	and processing the petrochemical industry
	and processing, the petrochemical industry,
	agricultural systems, the mining industry and
	domestic daily water consumption.*

*Indicates Activity was amended from the CBE Program of Studies.